

"THIS IS NOT JUST ABOUT COPING WITH CLIMATE CHANGE, BUT PROSPERING THROUGH IT."



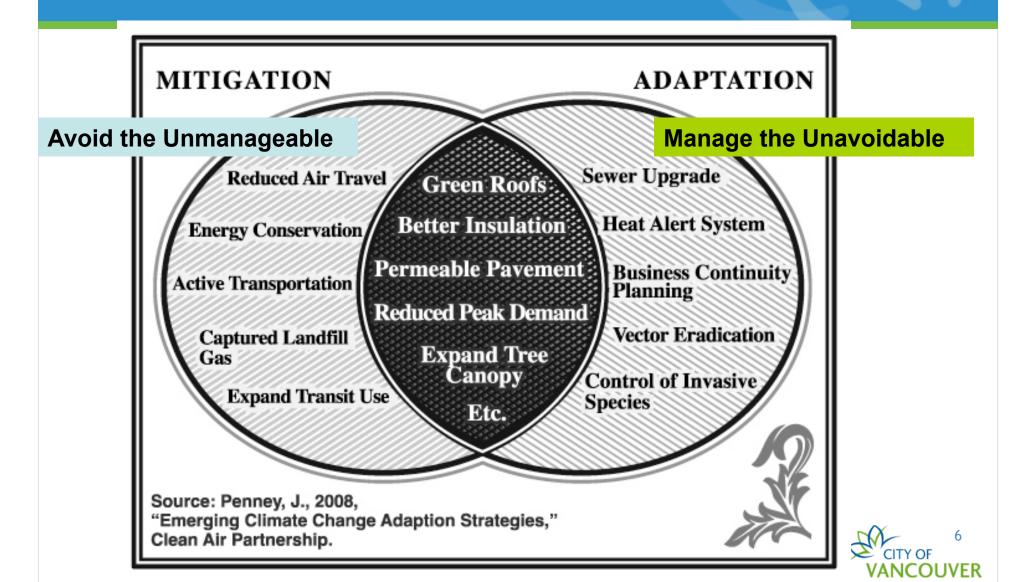
Outline

Adaptation Planning: what we are doing

- Sea Level Rise:
 - Why we need to think about it now
 - What we are doing



What is Adaptation?



How are we planning adaptation? ICLEI Adaptation Initiative

Milestone 1:
What are Anticipated climate changes?

Milestone 2:
What are
major impacts?

Milestone 3:
Actions
to respond?

Milestone 4: Implement





Milestone 1: How Will Vancouver's Climate Change?





Increased rainfall volume and intensity





Increase in intensity and frequency of extreme events





Sea Level Rise: 1.0m by 2100





2 degrees warmer annually by 2050, more summer heat waves



Milestone 2: Prioritize Impacts

- Water Related Impacts:
 - Increased surface water flooding
 - Increases in private property sewer backups
 - Increases in combined sewer overflows
 - Water supply shortages felt in late summer
 - Increased erosion, damage to structures and loss of habitat from sea level rise
 - Reduced gravity drainage of existing system
 - Increased flooding and storm surge damage as sea levels rise



Milestone 3: Prioritize and Evaluate Actions

- Workshops with departments to identify possible actions for impacts
 - Awareness
 - Brainstorm actions
 - Identify low hanging fruit
- Evaluate Actions
 - Co-benefit
 - Build on existing projects / window of opportunity
 - Implementation capacity
 - Cost-effectiveness

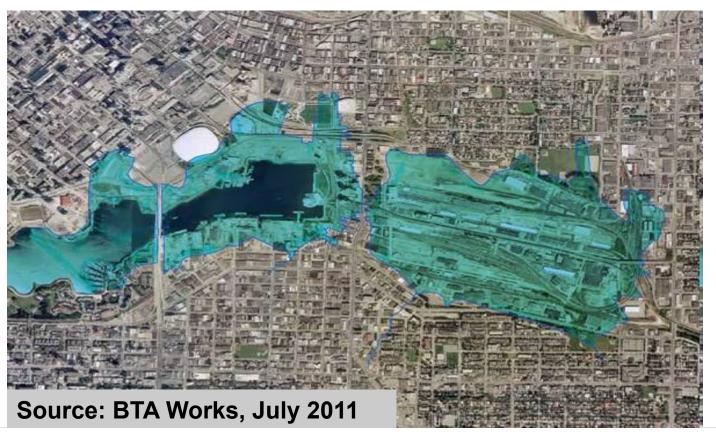
Building Resilience: examples from other Cities

- Chicago: Reducing urban heat island through hot spot mapping, tree planting and reflective roof standards
- Boston: Modifying development review guidelines to provide direction on resilience to climate change
- N.Y.C: Incorporating climate change into design and performance standards
- Toronto: Changes to bylaws for green infrastructure
- Copenhagen: Direct street flooding to parking lots and parks



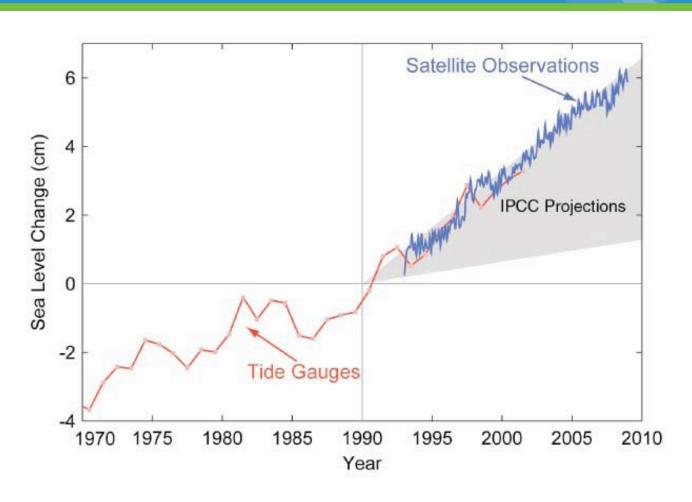
Sea Level Rise

"Flooding is an acute example of where climate and socio-economic systems interact"



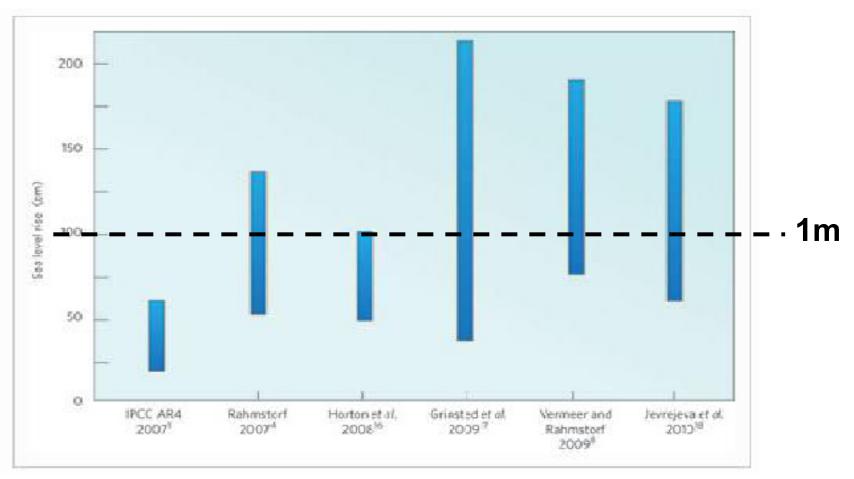


Sea Level Rise Trend: Sea Level Change 1970 - 2010





Sea Level Rise - Range of Projections

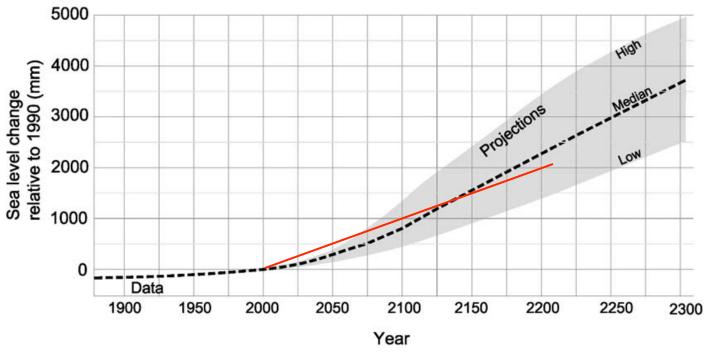




Source: S. Rahmstorf, "Nature" April 6, 2010

Sea Level Rise (SLR) Guidance from Province

Development Timeframe	Guideline SLR Allowance
Lifespan to Year 2050	0.5 m
Lifespan to Year 2100	1.0 m
Lifespan to year 2200	2.0 m



Recommended curve for BC SLR policy

Tools for Flood-hazard Management

- Province downloaded responsibility to flood hazard management to Municipalities in 2004
- Tools in CoV Flood-proofing Policies: flood construction levels and setbacks
- Flood Construction Levels (FCLs): keep living spaces and goods damageable by floodwaters above flood levels

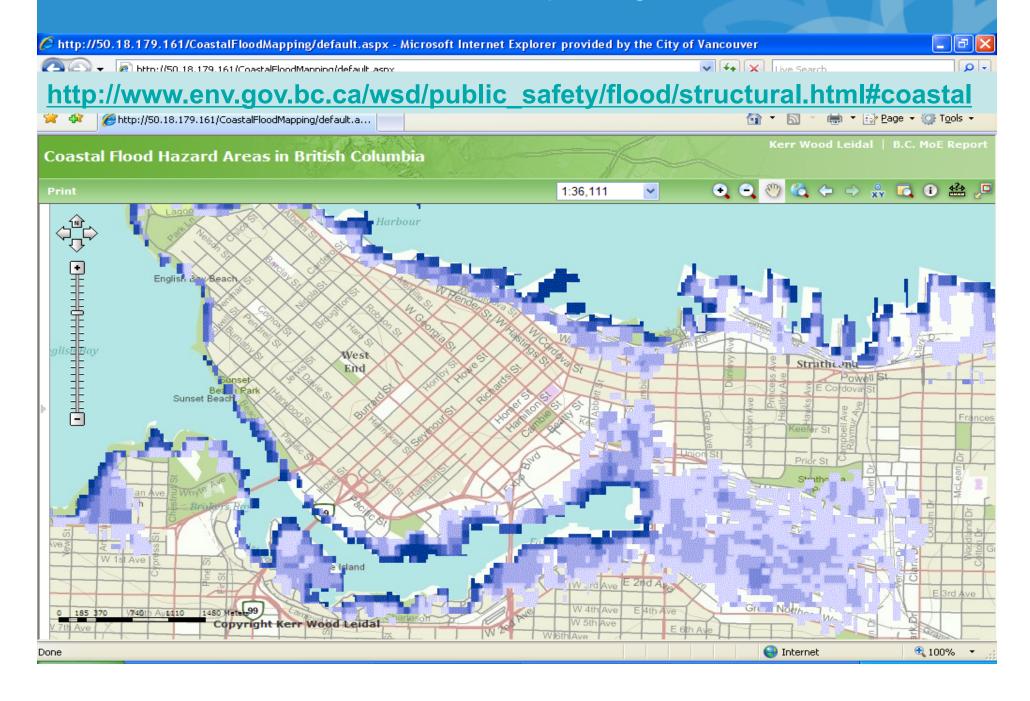
Ministry of Environment Guidelines May 2011

- Climate Change Adaptation Guidelines for Sea Dikes and Coastal Flood Hazard Land Use
- Guidelines = methodology
- Published for Coast but adaptable for Fraser
- Currently recommends FCLs behind dikes as well

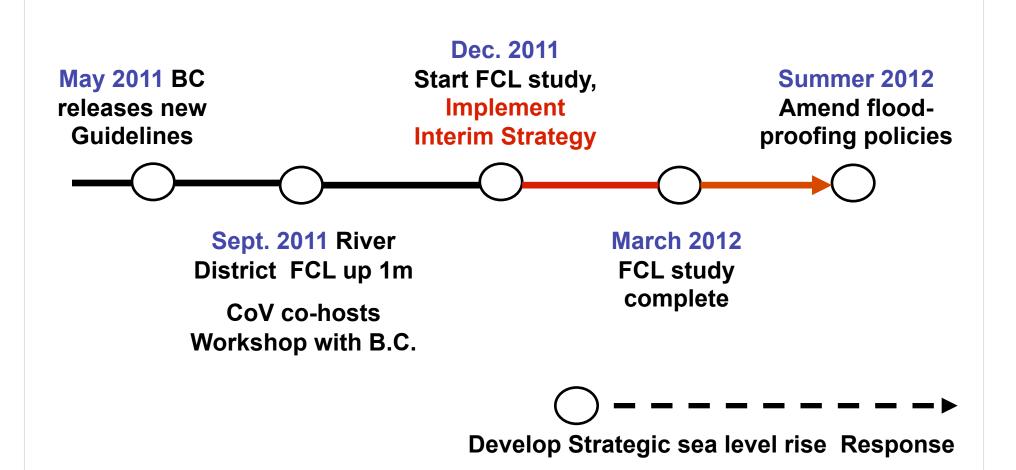
	Current FCL	Guidelines FCL
Fraser River	3.5m or 3.8m	The Delta: 6.2m
Vancouver Harbour	3.5m	5.6m



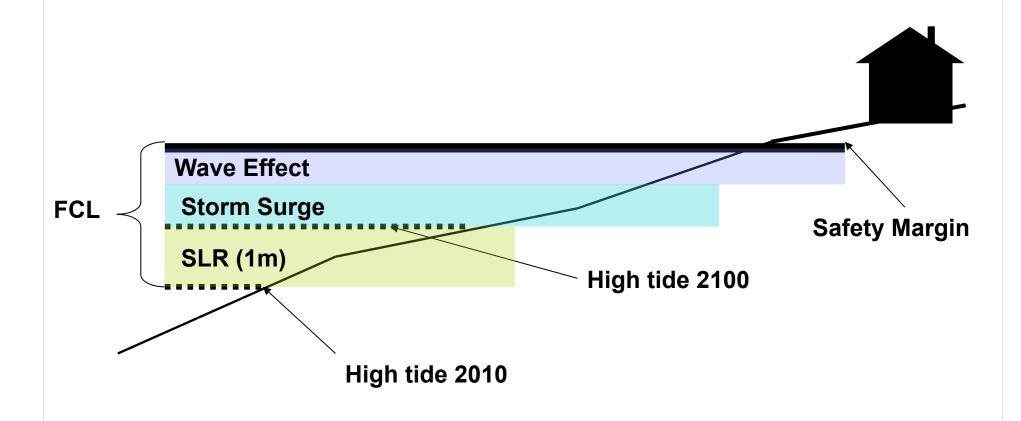
Sea Level Rise: What Are We Expecting?



City of Vancouver Actions



Why the 1m? FCL Components





Next Steps for Sea Level Rise Response

- New Flood-proofing Policies in the Summer
- Climate Change Adaptation Strategy complete in Spring, 2012
- Work on strategic sea level rise response:
 - Hold the Line: Dikes, flood gates, high seawall
 - Manage Retreat: Protect some, change land use
 - Build Up: build up roads and buildings
- Continued regional coordination



Thank You

Tamsin Mills
City of Vancouver Sustainability Group
tamsin.mills@vancouver.ca

